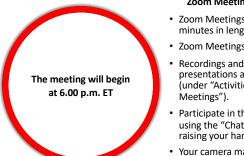
### **ENGL 100 Writing Seminar 4**



#### Zoom Meeting Information

- Zoom Meetings are about 60 minutes in length.
- Zoom Meetings are recorded.
- Recordings and PowerPoint presentations are posted on onQ (under "Activities" > "Zoom
- Participate in the discussion by using the "Chat" window or by raising your hand in "Reactions."
- Your camera may be on or off.

### **ENGL 100 Zoom Meetings**

	Writing Seminars	Essay Debriefs	Live Chats
Fall	Writing Seminar 1		Live Chat 1
1-6	(Essay Structure)		(Short Fiction)
Fall	Writing Seminar 2	Essay 1 Debrief	Live Chat 2
7-12	(Thesis Statements)	(Strength/Weakness)	(Drama)
Winter	Writing Seminar 3	Essay 2 Debrief	Live Chat 3
1-6	(MLA and Plagiarism)	(Thesis Statements)	(Literary Non-Fiction)
Winter	Writing Seminar 4	Essay 3 Debrief	Live Chat 4
7-12	(Grammar and Style)	(Grammar and Style)	(Poetry)

### Writing Seminar 4



#### Appendix D4

- a sample introductory paragraph
- contains 10 errors commonly seen in undergraduate English essays:
  - grammatical: involving specific rules of syntax, punctuation, usage, etc.
  - stylistic: involving established norms of formal expository essay writing

### Writing Seminar 4

- X In a 2015 lecture about The Handmaid's Tale, Margaret Atwood makes a revealing remark about the reception of her novel. "Nothing makes me more nervous....
- √ In a 2015 lecture about The Handmaid's Tale, Margaret Atwood makes a revealing remark about the reception of her novel: "Nothing makes me more nervous....

#### integration (integ)

- integrate direct quotations properly into the text of formal expository writing
- methods:
  - √ use a *colon*
  - √ use a *signal phrase* and a comma ("Atwood writes,")
  - ✓ break down the quotation into individual words or phrases and combine them into your own phraseology

### Writing Seminar 4

- X The dystopian society and environment of *The Handmaid's Tale* is clearly fictional.
- ✓ The dystopian society and environment of *The Handmaid's Tale* are clearly fictional.

### agreement (<mark>agr</mark>)

- the nouns, pronouns, and verbs in a sentence must agree in number:
  - √ singular with singular √ plural with plural
- avoid mixing singular and plural nouns, pronouns, and verbs

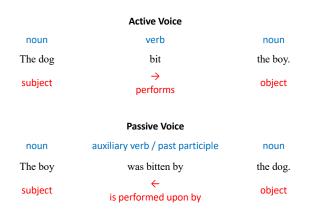
### Writing Seminar 4

- X The dystopia is characterized by an oppressive government régime and the subjugation of an underclass of women to be handmaids for the ruling class.
- ✓ An oppressive government régime and the subjugation of an underclass of women to be handmaids for the ruling class <u>characterize the dystopia.</u>

#### passive voice (psv)

- know the difference between tense and voice:
  - *tense*: when in time the sentence takes place
  - voice: the relationship between the subject and the object of a sentence
- avoid the *passive voice* in formal expository writing
- use the active voice instead

### Writing Seminar 4



# Writing Seminar 4

 X However, the physical settings in the novel strike the reader as anything but fictional.
√ However, the physical settings in the novel <u>seem</u> anything but fictional.

#### point of view (pov)

- avoid referring to "the reader" or "the audience" in formal expository writing
- there is no such thing as a single, transcendent "reader" or "audience"
- rephrase the sentence to avoid referring to the non-existent "reader" or "audience"

### Writing Seminar 4

- X In fact, the settings are eerily familiar, they bear strong resemblances to everyday places in twenty-first-century western life.
- ✓ In fact, the settings are eerily familiar, and they bear strong resemblances to everyday places in twenty-first-century western life.

#### comma splice (<mark>splice</mark>)

- avoid comma splices in formal expository writing (two complete sentences (i.e., independent clauses) joined together with a comma)
- correct comma splices by repunctuating the sentence:
  - √ use a semicolon
  - √ use a *comma* with a *coordinating conjunction*
  - $\checkmark$  use two separate sentences

### Writing Seminar 4

- X For example, Atwood depicts the handmaids sleeping quarters as a gymnasium, "with stripes and circles painted on" the floor, and the "smell of sweat" in the air (3).
- ✓ For example, Atwood depicts the <u>handmaids</u>' sleeping quarters as a gymnasium, "with stripes and circles painted on" the floor, and the "smell of sweat" in the air (3).

#### possessive (poss)

- use an *apostrophe* to indicate *possession*, not *pluralization*.
- there are different arrangements of the apostrophe and the letter "s" according to the type of possessive:
  - √ singular vs plural noun
  - ✓ proper vs common noun
  - √ nouns ending in double s
  - ✓ historical personages

### Writing Seminar 4

noun	type	possessive	
king	singular noun	king's	
marquis	singular noun -s	marquis's	
mistress	singular noun -ss	mistress'	
Richard	singular proper noun	Richard's	
Dickens	singular proper noun -s	Dickens's	
Weiss	singular proper noun -ss Weiss'		
monarchs	plural noun -s	monarchs'	
Dickenses	plural proper noun	Dickenses'	
men	plural irregular noun	men's	
Socrates	historical personage	Socrates'	

### Writing Seminar 4

- X Offred, the narrator, can't help but think back to a time in her youth when she attended school dances in similar gymnasiums.
- ✓ Offred, the narrator, <u>cannot</u> help but think back to a time in her youth when she attended school dances in similar gymnasiums.

#### contraction (*cont*)

- a contraction is the shortening of two common words into one by replacing letters with apostrophes:
  - X e.g., "can't" vs "cannot" X e.g., "don't" vs "do not"
  - X e.g., "won't" vs "will not"
- avoid contractions in formal expository writing, as they are a form of *abbreviation*, an informal style of writing

### Writing Seminar 4

- X This emphasizes the relatively brief length of time that has elapsed between Offred's previous life as a free woman and her new life under Gileadean captivity.
- ✓ This <u>disparity</u> emphasizes the relatively brief length of time that has elapsed between Offred's previous life as a free woman and her new life under Gileadean captivity.

#### demonstrative pronoun (dem)

- demonstratives: "this," "that," "these," and "those"
- *demonstrative pronouns*: when followed by a *verb*
- Xe.g., "This is mine."
- *demonstrative adjectives*: when followed by a *noun*
- ✓ e.g., "This pen is mine."
- use demonstrative adjectives, not demonstrative pronouns, in formal expository writing

### Writing Seminar 4

- X To properly understand the thematic use of setting, it is necessary to recognize that Atwood uses familiar and domestic settings deliberately rather than merely by chance.
- ✓ <u>To understand properly</u> the thematic use of setting, it is necessary to recognize that Atwood uses familiar and domestic settings deliberately rather than merely by chance.

#### split infinitive (spl inf)

- the *infinitive* form of the verb is to + present participle
- splitting the infinitive involves inserting an *adverb* between the two components of the infinitive:
  X e.g., "to boldly go"
- avoid splitting the infinitive in formal expository writing
- either delete the adverb or move it elsewhere in the sentence
  - √ e.g., "to go boldly"

### Writing Seminar 4

- X This essay will demonstrate that Atwood uses familiar, domestic settings in *The Handmaid's Tale* to suggest that the institution of a repressive political régime....
- √ This essay will demonstrate
- that Atwood uses familiar, domestic settings in *The Handmaid's Tale* to suggest that the institution of a repressive political régime....

# signposting

### (sgnpst)

- avoid signposting words and phrases in formal expository writing
- a signposting word or phrase is one in which the writer tells the reader "out loud" what they intend to prove in an essay:
  - X e.g., "This essay will prove that...."
  - X e.g., "This quotation shows that...."

# For More Information

#### Dr May's Class Web Site https://www.queensu.ca/academi a/drrgmay/docs/

- "Grammar and Style Notes"
- "Comma Use"
- "The Passive Voice"
- "The Split Infinitive"
- "Integrating Quotations"

#### The Purdue Online Writing Lab https://owl.purdue.edu/

- "General Writing" > "Writing Style"
- "General Writing" > "Mechanics"
- "General Writing" > "Grammar"
- "General Writing" > "Punctuation"

Queen's Student Academic Success Services (SASS) Online Resources https://sass.queensu.ca/onlineres ource/topics/

### onQ Quiz 4

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https://onq.queensu.ca

- test your knowledge of Writing Seminar 4 by writing onQ Quiz 4
- access the Quiz on onQ (under "Assessments" > "Quizzes")
- the onQ Quiz consists of a series of multiple-choice questions
- the suggested due date for this onQ Quiz is this Friday, but you may complete it anytime this term
- this onQ Quiz is worth 2% of your final grade

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