

University Animal Care Committee Standard Operating Procedure		
Document No: 7.13	Subject: Ear Notching for Identification in Mice	
Date Issued: April 11, 2012	Revision: 3	Page No: 1

Location: Queen's University

Responsibility: Principal Investigators, Research Staff, Veterinary Staff

Purpose: The purpose of this Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) is to describe the approved method to ear notch mice using the universal numbering system for identification.

- 1. Introduction and Definitions:** A quick and relatively inexpensive way to identify mice is to create a small punch biopsy of the ear using an ear notch instrument. Ear biopsies can also be used as an alternative to harvesting tissue from the tail for genotyping purposes (see SOP 7.14 "Genotyping Mice").

Using the universal numbering system described below, animals can be easily identified by anyone trained to read ear notching.

- Mice are usually biopsied between d14-17.
- The ear notch instrument must be cleaned between use, kept sharp and free of debris (tissue or rust).

Abbreviations: Animal Care Services **ACS**, Principal Investigator **PI**, subcutaneous **SC**, intravenous **IV**, intraperitoneal **IP**, intramuscular **IM**, per os **PO**, per rectum **PR**

2. Materials:

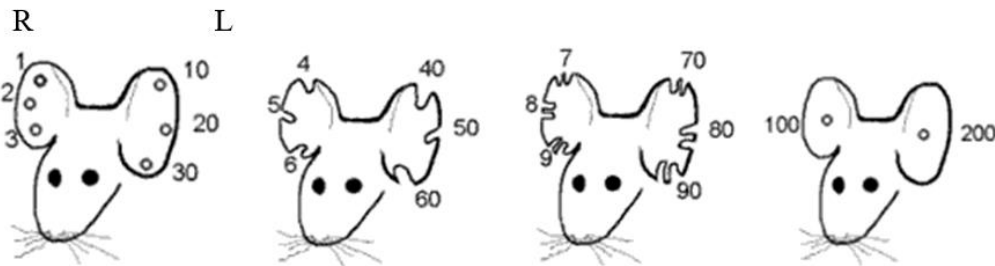
- Ear notch instrument
- Fine tipped forceps
- Iris scissors
- Sterile gauze
- 70% isopropyl alcohol or
- Bead sterilizer

3. Procedures:

- The procedure is quick, easy, and should not cause bleeding if done properly. If bleeding does occur, gentle pressure with gauze should be applied until hemostasis occurs.
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University Animal Care Committee Standard Operating Procedure		
Document No: 7.13	Subject: Ear Notching for Identification in Mice	
Date Issued: April 11, 2012	Revision: 3	Page No: 2

- This technique is best performed at 14-17 days of age but is humane and acceptable at all rodent ages without anesthesia or analgesia.
- Instruments used for ear notching can become dull quickly and should be replaced as dull instruments can cause trauma to the notch site.
- Ensure the ear notch tool is clean of debris, and disinfected between each animal.
- Restrain animal using the scruff technique (as per SOP 7.20 “Manual Restraint of Mice”).
- Place the device on the pinna of the ear (external ear) in the location wanted to mark the animal for identification.
- Press firmly to punch a circular hole through the ear (as indicated on the diagram below).
 - Numbers 1 – 9 are on the right ear
 - Multiples of 10 on the left ear
- As you remove the punch, be careful not to rip the delicate membrane of the pinna. If the punch does not remove all tissue, and you do not need it for genotyping, leave as is and the tissue will desiccate on its own.
- Place the animal back in cage.
- Record animal’s information on its respective cage card.
- For full circle numeration, ensure the hole is punched ~2mm in from the edge of the ear. This will prevent the hole from tearing, and possible misidentification with a semi-circle.



University Animal Care Committee Standard Operating Procedure		
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Date Issued: April 11, 2012	Revision: 3	Page No: 3

References:

SOP Revision History:

Date	New Version
January 26, 2017	Update
January 28, 2020	Tri Annual update
June 27 th , 2023	Tri Annual update, update layout, update tissue harvest age.