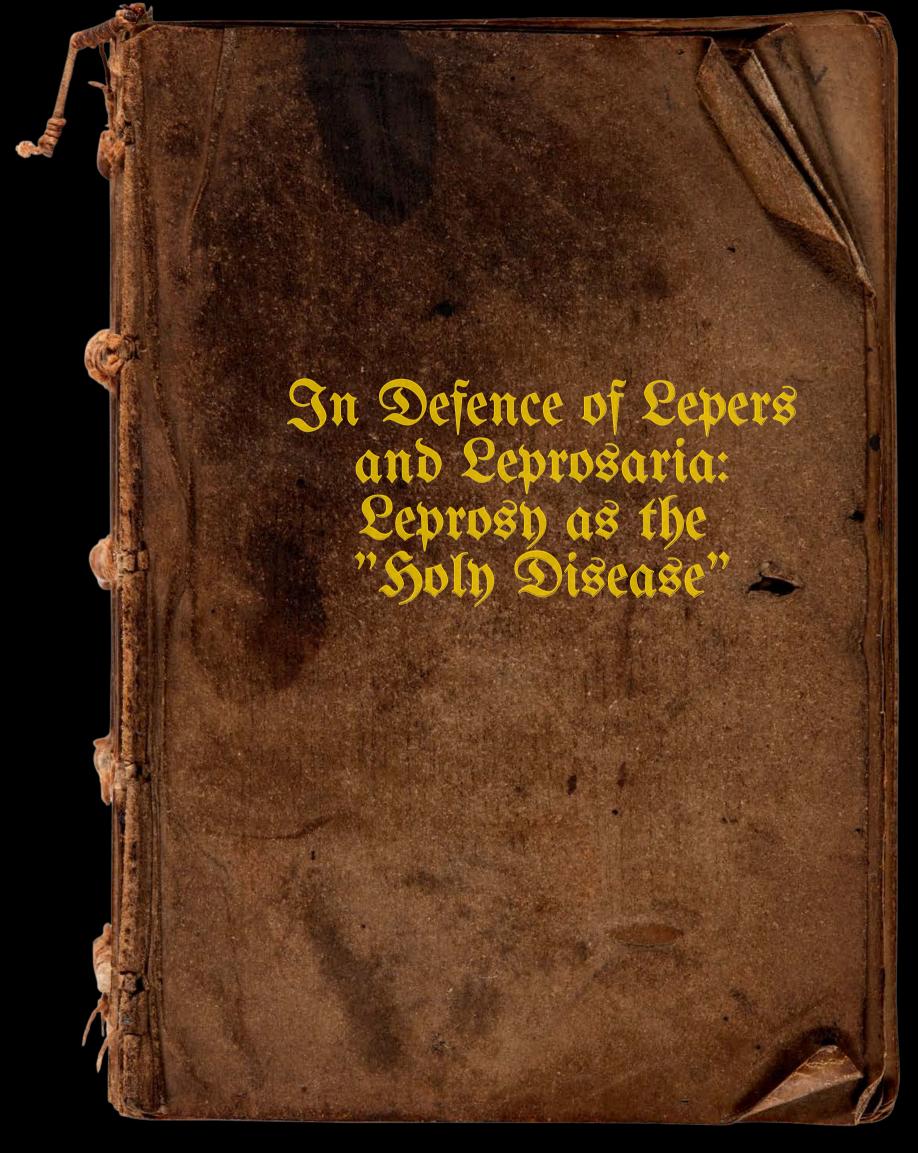
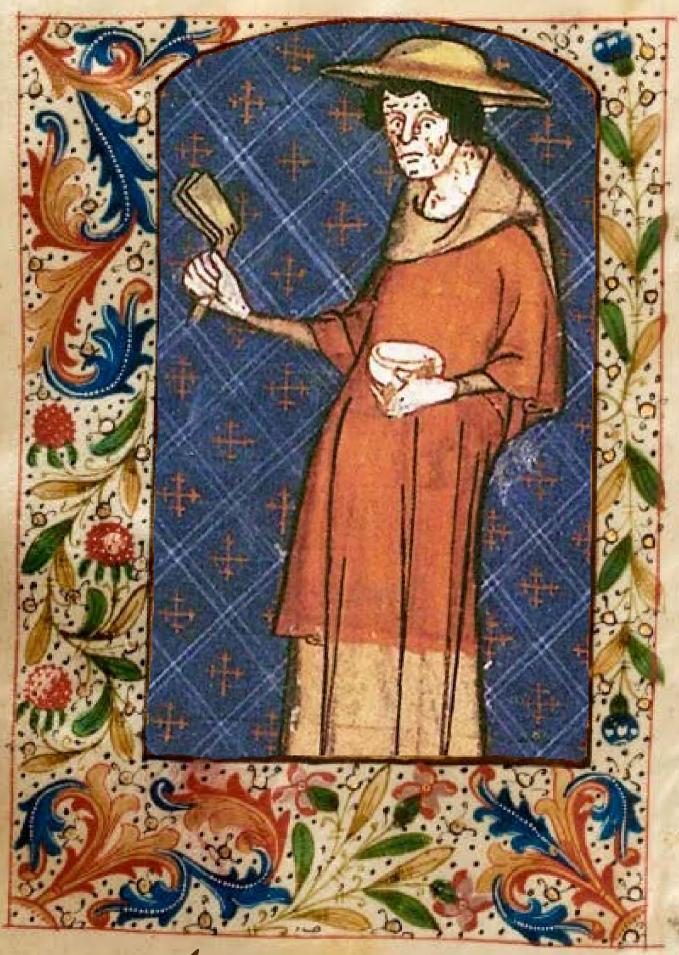
In Defence of Lepers and Leprosaria: Leprosy as the "Holy Disease"

Caryn Xie HIST 228 Professor Aditi Sen December 22nd, 2022







Once their symptoms manifest, the leper's life is over – not because leprosy is particularly fatal, but because of our society's pervasive fear of contracting the disease. Drastic steps are taken to ostracize them from normal society: their civil rights are stripped, their marriages are annulled, and their inheritances are claimed. They are forced to don distinctive clothing and wear bells around their necks to warn us of their presence. They are banned from entering churches, markets, taverns, mills, and bakehouses, and forbidden from touching anything with their bare hands in public. Furthermore, leper masses are held to declare the sick officially dead to society, in which the leper is covered in a black shroud and led from the church to his house as a dead man. Is it not enough for the leper to suffer physically? Why must we turn our cheek to the leper's plight? We Christians who run these leprosaria implore you to remember Jesus' parable in Luke 16:19-31, in which the rich man who did not help the sick Lazarus was sent to Hell.

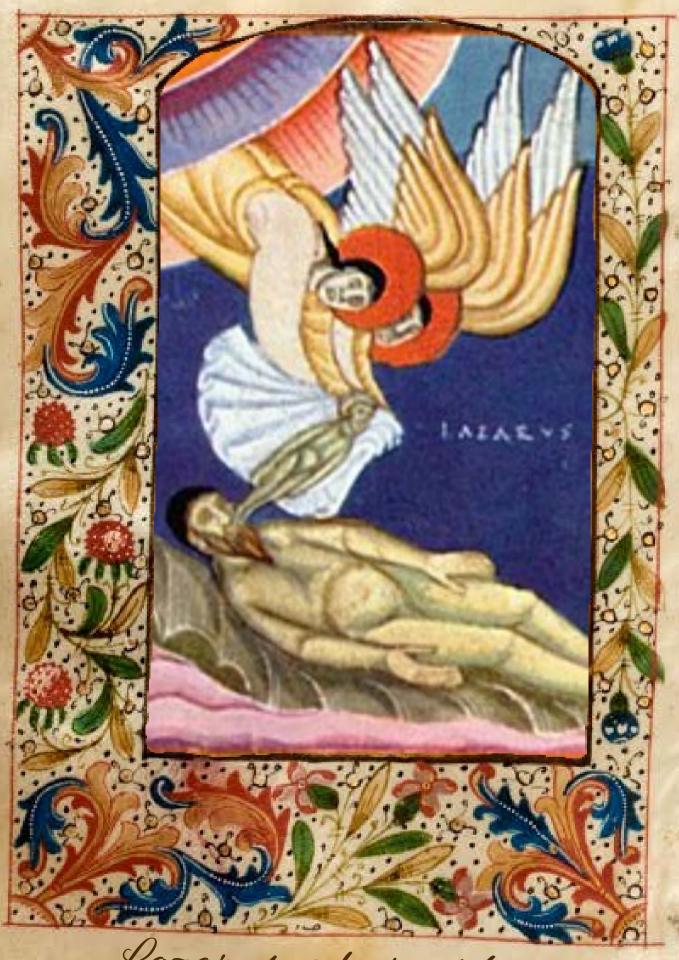
CA leper and his bell



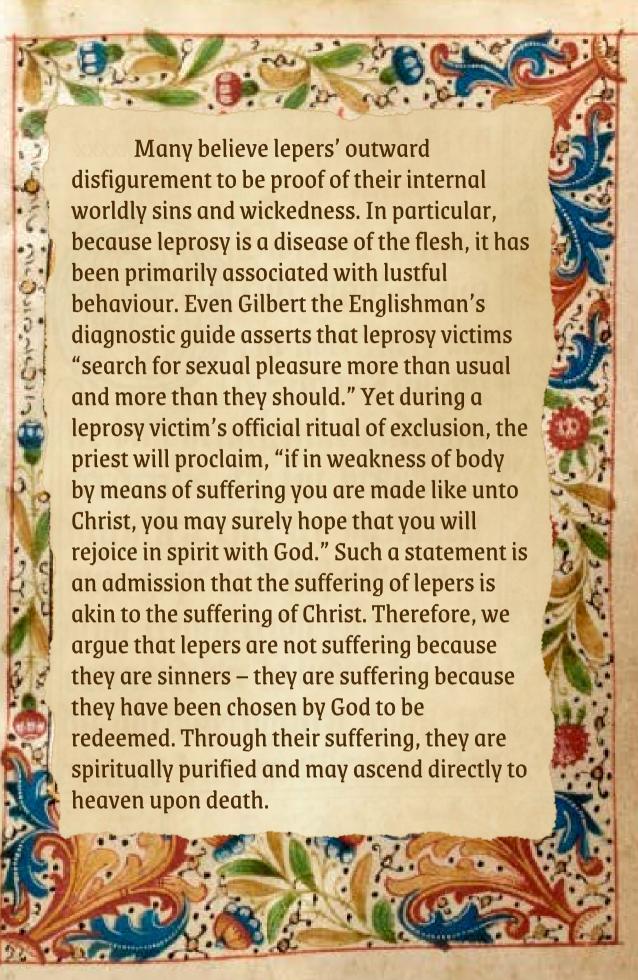
Leprosy victims, covered in sores

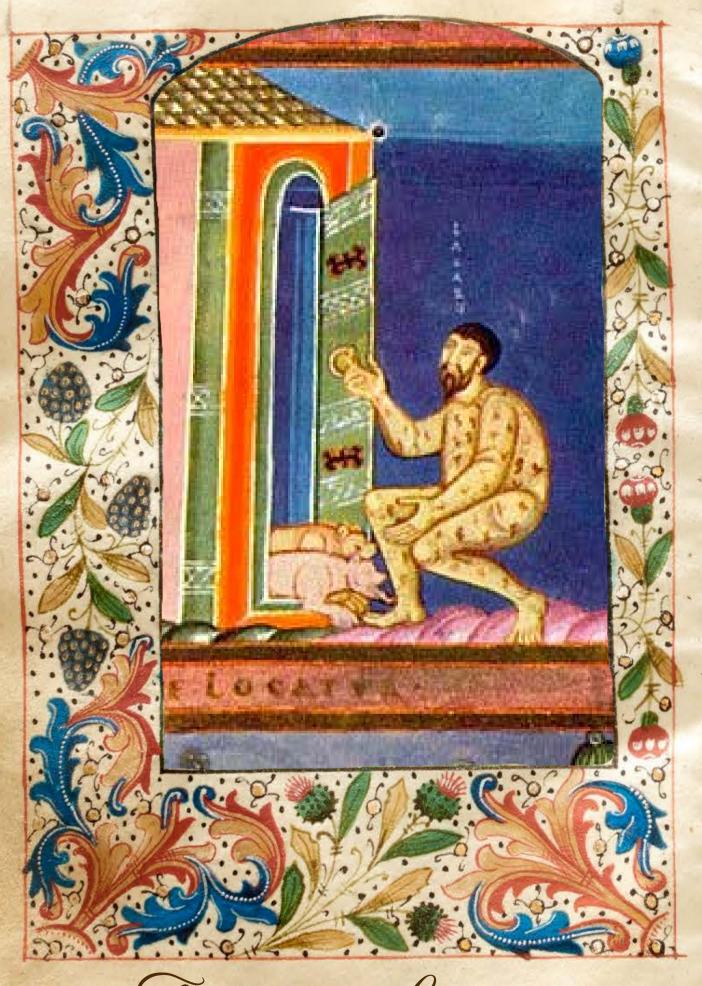
We know this wicked disease has plagued us since ancient times - the term "leprosy" comes from the Ancient Greek for 'scale', referencing how the disease causes the skin to peel and scale off. Indeed, leprosy causes a grotesque disfigurement of the skin. The skin of lepers is covered with nodules and lesions, so visible that lepers are instantly discernible from the rest of society. Another common symptom is a permanent loss of sensation, both of the digits and of the muscles in the arms and legs. Conversely, patients may experience a permanent sensitivity of the skin, enduring a constant sensation of prickling across the entire face. This is at first light, as if from needles, and then painful, as if being poked with large spines. Their discoloured skin, covered in hardened tumours and sores, constantly itches. Their hands and feet frequently grow into deformed claws. Their eyes are tinged with red. Their facial features slowly degenerate, most evidently in the nose.And on top of their striking appearance, there is the fetid odor of a leper's breath, sweat, blood, and skin. It is a tormented existence. Is it not our duty, as good Christians, to be charitable to those who suffer from such an affliction?





Lazarus, a leprous beggar, ascends to heaven

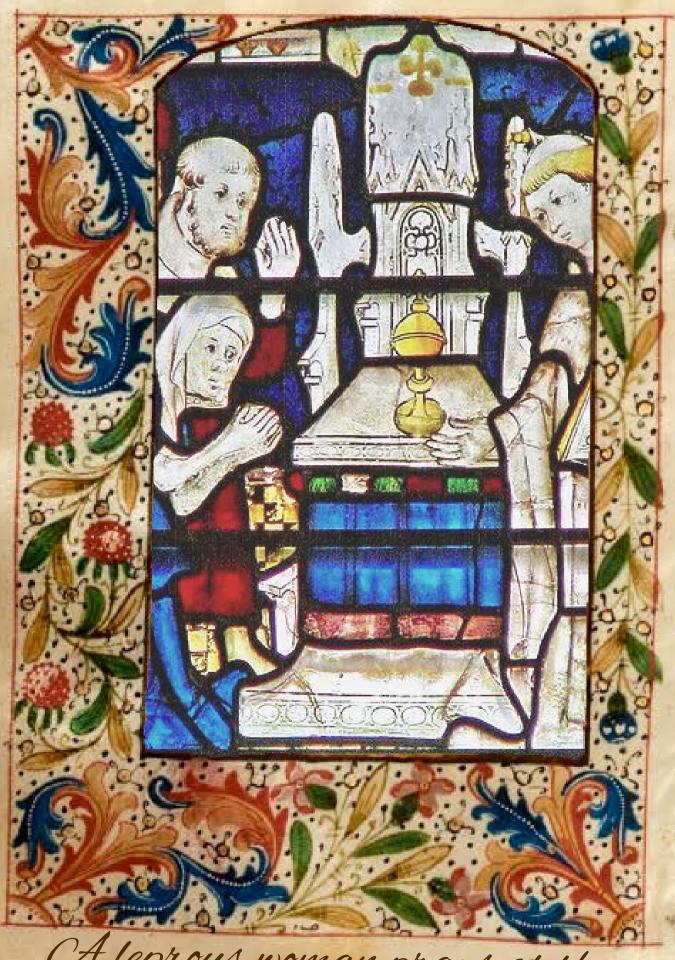




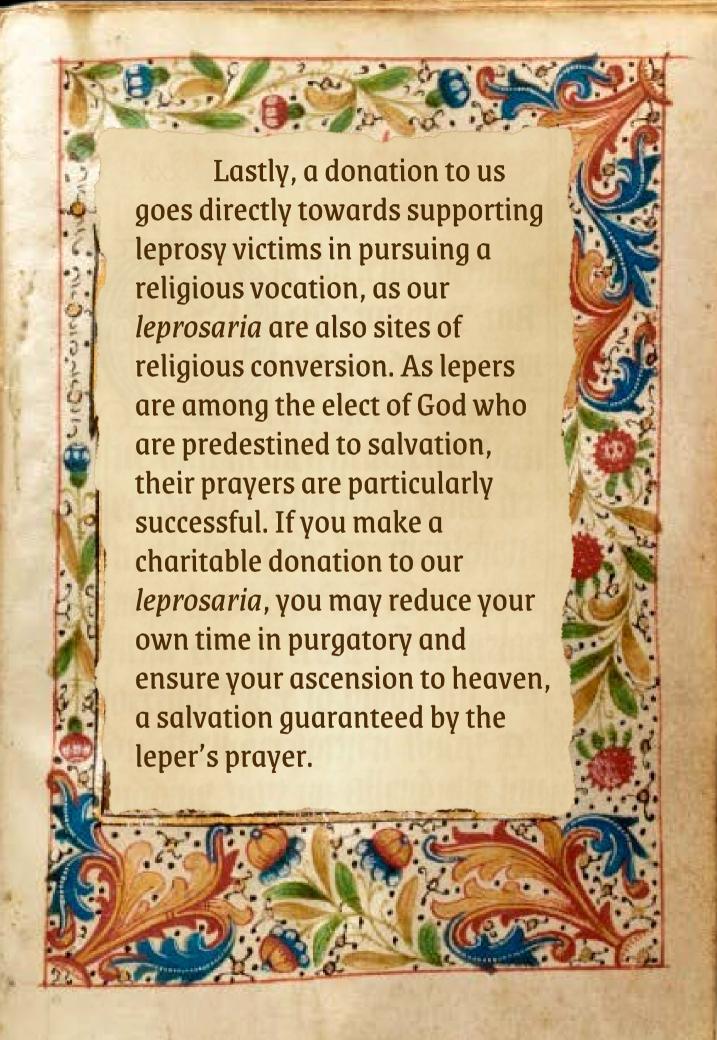
We see the leprous beggar Lazarus ascending to heaven in Jesus' parable of Lazarus and Dives in Luke 16:19-31. When Lazarus dies, he meets Abraham; in contrast, the rich man who refused to help him is condemned to Hell. Our work in the leprosaria thus honours Jesus' call to treat the sick with kindness and compassion, lest we, too, are condemned.

The beggar Lazarus





A leprous woman prays at the shrine of St. William.





A patient is cared for at a leprosarium

We hope you can see now why the leprosaria deserve your charity. Firstly, we provide a public health service, in that we provide a safe shelter for lepers to isolate. This contains the miasma into one area and prevents physical contact with lepers, protecting the healthy citizen. Furthermore, we help convert lepers into a pious life. When you donate, you not only honour Jesus' teachings as in the parable of Lazarus, but through the leper's prayers in thanks to you, your salvation is promised. It is our true belief that leprosy is a holy disease, not a divine punishment, and that lepers are God's chosen. We therefore urge you all reading this to consider donating to us so we may continue our work sheltering those sick with leprosy, as the maintenance and construction of our institutions depend upon your public charity.