PSYC 430: The Self Winter 2017

Instructor: Dr. Jill A. Jacobson

Office: Craine 318

Time: Tuesdays 11:30 am – 2:20 pm

Location: Humphrey Hall Room 223

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Office Hours: By appointment

Intended Student Learning Outcomes

After completing this course, students will be able to:

- Describe the major social psychological theories pertaining to the study of the self
- Evaluate the pros and cons of each side of the primary debates about various self-constructs (e.g., the purpose of self-esteem).
- Recognize real world examples of self-phenomena (e.g., instances when they or someone they know has engaged in self-handicapping)
- Interpret the findings of previous research to propose potential solutions to problems related to the self

Course Materials

Copyright

The course material created by the instructor including lecture notes, quizzes, exams, lab activities, etc. is copyrighted and is for the sole use of students registered in PSYC 430. This material shall not be distributed or disseminated to anyone other than students registered in PSYC 430. Failure to abide by these conditions is a breach of copyright and may also constitute a breach of academic integrity under the University Senate's Academic Integrity Policy Statement.

Required Readings

Available for download from onQ. See the *Course Outline* at the end of the syllabus for the articles and chapters assigned each week.

Accessibility

Queen's is committed to an inclusive campus community with accessible goods, services, and facilities that respect the dignity and independence of persons with disabilities. Materials for this course will be made available in an accessible format or with appropriate communication supports upon request.

Web Content

Additional information for the course will be available on onQ. As in PSYC 100, this message board is intended only as a forum for posting questions and discussing topics related to the PSYC 430 course material. Messages pertaining to inappropriate topics like mark changes, course complaints, or subjects unrelated to PSYC 430 content will be deleted, and if those messages are deemed harassing, abusive, or insulting, disciplinary action will be taken. Each week students who are not serving as the active learning assistants will use the message board to post two discussion questions in the relevant forum by Monday at 3:30 pm.

Accommodations

Queen's University is committed to achieving full accessibility for persons with disabilities. Part of this commitment includes arranging academic accommodations for students with disabilities to ensure they have an equitable opportunity to participate in all of their academic activities. If you are a student with a disability and think you may need accommodations, you are strongly encouraged to contact Student Wellness Services (SWS) and register as early as possible. For more information, including important deadlines, please visit the Student Wellness website at: http://www.queensu.ca/studentwellness/accessibility-services/. If you do qualify to receive special accommodations, please notify the instructor right away, so any special arrangements can be made as soon as possible. The instructor will inform your TA for you, so you do not have to have this discussion twice.

Academic Integrity

Academic Integrity is constituted by the six core fundamental values of honesty, trust, fairness, respect, responsibility and courage (see www.academicintegrity.org). These values are central to the building, nurturing and sustaining of an academic community in which all members of the community will thrive. Adherence to the values expressed through

academic integrity forms a foundation for the "freedom of inquiry and exchange of ideas" essential to the intellectual life of the University (see the Senate Report on Principles and Priorities

http://www.queensu.ca/secretariat/policies/senate/report-principles-and-priorities).

Students are responsible for familiarizing themselves with the regulations concerning academic integrity and for ensuring that their assignments conform to the principles of academic integrity. Information on academic integrity is available in the Arts and Science Calendar (see Academic Regulation 1 http://www.queensu.ca/artsci/academiccalendars/regulations/academic-regulations/regulation-1), on the Arts and Science website (see http://www.queensu.ca/artsci/academics/undergraduate/academic-integrity), and from the instructor of this course. Departures from academic integrity include plagiarism, use of unauthorized materials, facilitation, forgery and falsification, and are antithetical to the development of an academic community at Queen's. Given the seriousness of these matters, actions that contravene the regulation on academic integrity carry sanctions that can range from a warning or the loss of grades on an assignment to the failure of a course to a requirement to withdraw from the university.

Evaluation Components

Active Learning Assistants. Groups of 3-4 students will help the instructor devise and implement learning activities for one class period. Students will meet with the instructor to work on these activities, but you should view this component as an opportunity to be creative. Feel free to do come up with demonstrations, organize a debate, show brief videos, etc.

Participation. Active class discussion is essential to the functioning of any seminar course, and students are expected to contribute meaningfully (thoughtful, relevant, critical comments) to class discussions. However, I appreciate that not everyone is an extravert. Thus the participation grade also will include your performance on other activities than talking (see also the section on Weighting of Evaluation Components). First, quality can matter as much as quantity of contribution, and participation in the learning activities will be another way to contribute to the class. Mere attendance is not enough to get a good grade for this component, so you will need to fully engage in the in-class activities, which often will involve smaller group interactions or individual work such as in-class writing assignments. Also, it is imperative in that one cannot participate if one is not here. Second, students should read the articles and chapters carefully and critically by the Monday before the class for which the readings were assigned. Except when assigned to assist with the learning activities, students must post one discussion question in the relevant forum on O by Monday at 3:30 pm. You will want to bring a copy of your question to class or at least be able to remember what you asked. Good discussion questions are more open-ended than targeted questions. Targeted questions should be confined to topics that you did not understand or that need further clarification. Based on past experience, most students can reduce the preambles to their questions substantially. I will give you the opportunity to provide us with the background on your question and any additional explanation of your meaning. You should not have to do any additional reading to form a question, but you are welcome to bring in your experience and expertise on the topic.

Personal Logs. The subject matter of this course – the self – is something that you are intimately involved with on a daily basis whether you like it or not. This course should be more meaningful for you if you can relate what you read to your own experiences and your observations of other people. To help you do this, you will keep a journal in which you record actual incidents using material from lectures, reading assignments, and class discussions. Naturally, noticing relevant events will be easier for some topics than for others. You should aim for an average of two log entries per week, with less on some weeks and more on others. Some of the incidents you record should reflect what's going on in your life right now, but it also is fine to write about something that's happening to a friend or to interpret events in your past in light of your newly found knowledge. Your logs should be handed in for evaluation during Weeks 6 and 12.

Topic Assessment. Each student will be assigned a topic of self research to more fully investigate in light of the issues identified through the crisis in science (e.g., low power, small or inflated effect size estimates, questionable research practices, replication, etc.) The goal of this assignment is to carefully evaluate the research on a particular topic to determine if we should have confidence in these findings or potentially cast doubt on if the construct even exists. We will cover the necessary techniques and procedures that you will want to use in your review at class meetings throughout the semester. Papers must be uploaded to Turnitin.com by 11:59 pm on Wednesday, April 12, 2017. You are welcome to submit your paper sooner, but I will not be grading them until after the due date.

Evaluation

You are responsible for all lecture material and all corresponding material on onQ. Late assignments will be penalized two letter grades per each day late (i.e., if you earn an A on the assessment paper but handed it in 1 day late, your grade will be a B+ once the penalty is applied). Exceptions will be made only under relevant circumstances and when appropriate, written documentation is supplied.

Weighting of evaluation components. I will be TWARKing (assigning test weights after results are known; http://datacolada.org/56) the calculation of your final grades. That is, the component on which the student performs the best will be worth 40% of the final grade, the next best component will be worth 30%, the third best will be worth 20%, and the component on which the student performs the worst will be worth 10% of the final grade.

Grading Method. All components of this course will receive letter grades, which, for purposes of calculating your course average, will be translated into numerical equivalents using the Faculty of Arts and Science approved scale, and your course average then will be converted to a final letter grade according to Queen's Official Grade Conversion Scale.

Arts & Science Letter Grade Input Scheme

Assignment mark	Numerical value for calculation of final mark
A+	93
A	87
A-	82
B+	78
В	75
B-	72
C+	68
С	65
C-	62
D+	58
D	55
D-	52
F48 (F+)	48
F24 (F)	24
F0 (0)	0

Queen's Official Grade Conversion Scale

Grade	Numerical Course Average (Range)
A+	90-100
A	85-89
A-	80-84
B+	77-79
В	73-76
В-	70-72
C+	67-69
С	63-66
C-	60-62
D+	57-59
D	53-56
D-	50-52
F	49 and below

PSYC 430 Course Outline Winter 2017

Week	Data	Tonio	Dondings
week	Date	Topic	Readings
1	January 10	Introduction	
2	January 17	What is the Self?	 Baumeister, R. F. (1987). How the self became a problem: A psychological review of historical research. <i>Journal of Personality and Social Psychology, 52,</i> 163-176. Baumeister, R. F. (2011). Self and identity: A brief overview of what they are, what they do, and how they work. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 1234,</i> 48–55. doi: 10.1111/j.1749-6632.2011.06224.x 48. Haynes, JD. (2011). Decoding and predicting intentions. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 1224,</i> 9-21. doi: 10.1111/j.1749-6632.2011.05994.x. James, W. (1892/1985). <i>Psychology: The briefer course</i> (pp. 43-83). Notre Dame, IN: University of Notre Dame Press. Klein, S. B. (2012). The self and science: Is it time for a new approach to the study of human experience? <i>Current Directions in Psychological Science, 21</i>(4), 253–257. doi: 10.1177/0963721412447623
3	January 24	Self and Culture	Adams, G., & Dzokoto, V. A. (2003). Self and identity in African studies. Self and Identity, 2, 345-359. Vignoles, V. L., Owe, E., Becker, M., Smith, P. B., Easterbrook, M. J., Brown, R., & Lay, S. (2016). Beyond the 'east-west'dichotomy: Global variation in cultural models of selfhood. Journal of Experimental Psychology: General, 145(8), 966 – 1000. Heine, S. J., & Hamamura, T. (2007). In search of East Asian self-enhancement. Personality and Social Psychology Review, 11, 4-27. Orehek, E., Sasota, J. A., Kruglanski, A. W., Dechesne, M., & Ridgeway, L. (2014). Interdependent self-construals mitigate the fear of death and augment the willingness to become a martyr. Journal of Personality and Social Psychology, 107(2), 265-275. doi: 10.1037/a0036675 Osterman, L. L., & Brown, R. P. (2011). Culture of honor and violence against the self. Personality and Social Psychology Bulletin, 37(12), 1611-1623. doi: 10.1177/0146167211418529 Sedikides, C. & Gregg, A. P. (2008). Self-enhancement: Food for thought. Perspectives on Psychological Science, 3, 102-116.
4	January 31	Self- Knowledge	 Brewer, M. B. (2003). Optimal distinctiveness, social identity, and the self. In M. R. Leary & J. P. Tagney (Eds.), Handbook of Self and Identity (pp. 480-491). New York: The Guilford Press. Dunning, D., Heath, C., & Suls, J. M. (2004). Flawed self-assessment. Psychological Science in the Public Interest, 5, 69-106. Markus, H. (1977). Self-schemata and processing of information about the self. Journal of Personality and Social Psychology, 35, 63-78. Sedikides, C. (1993). Assessment, enhancement, and verification determinants of the self-evaluation process. Journal of Personality and Social Psychology, 65, 317-338. Swann, W. B., Jr., De La Ronde, C., & Hixon, J. G. (1994). Authenticity and positivity strivings in marriage and courtship. Journal of Personality and Social Psychology, 66, 857-869. Tice, D. M., & Wallace, H. M. (2003). The reflected self: Creating yourself as (you think) others see you. In M. R. Leary & J. P. Tagney (Eds.), Handbook of Self and Identity (pp. 91-105). New York: The Guilford Press.

5	February 7	Self-Esteem	 Baumeister, R. F., Campbell, J. D., Krueger, J. I., & Vohs, K. D. (2003). Does high selfesteem cause better performance, interpersonal success, happiness, or healthier lifestyles? Psychological Science in the Public Interest, 4, 1-44. Bosson, J. K., Swann, W. B., & Pennebaker, J. W. (2000). Stalking the perfect measure of implicit self-esteem: The blind men and the elephant revisited? Journal of Personality and Social Psychology, 79, 631-643. Crocker, J., & Park, L. E. (2004). The costly pursuit of self-esteem. Psychological Bulletin, 130, 392–414. Kernis, M. H., & Goldman, B. M. (2003). Stability and variability in self-concept and self-esteem. In M. R. Leary & J. P. Tagney (Eds.), Handbook of self and identity (pp. 106-127). New York: The Guilford Press. Leary, M. R., Tambor, E. S., Terdal, S. K., & Downs, D. L. (1995). Self-esteem as an interpersonal monitor: The sociometer hypothesis. Journal of Personality and Social Psychology, 68, 518-530. Pyszczynski, T., Solomon, S., & Greenberg, J. (2015). Thirty Years of Terror Management Theory: From Genesis to Revelation. Advances in Experimental Social Psychology, 52, 1-70.
6	February 14	Developmental Perspective	 Personal Logs Due Charles, S. T., & Pasupathi, M. (2003). Age-related patterns of variability in self-descriptions: Implications for everyday affective experience. <i>Psychology and Aging. 18</i>, 524-536. De Veer, M. W., & Van Den Bos, R. (1999). A critical review of methodology and interpretation of mirror self-recognition research in nonhuman primates. <i>Animal Behaviour, 58</i>, 459-468. Harter, S. (2003). The development of self-representations during childhood and adolescence. In M. R. Leary & J. P. Tagney (Eds.), <i>Handbook of Self and Identity</i> (pp. 610-642). New York: The Guilford Press. Mitchell, R. W. (2003). Subjectivity and self-recognition in animals. In M. R. Leary & J. P. Tagney (Eds.), <i>Handbook of Self and Identity</i> (pp. 567-593). New York: The Guilford Press. Twenge, J. M. (2008). Generation Me: The origins of birth cohort differences in personality traits and cross-temporal meta-analysis. <i>Social and Personality Psychology Compass, 2/3</i>, 1440–1454. Trzesniewski, K. H., & Donnellan, M. B. (2010). Rethinking "Generation Me:" A study of cohort effects from 1976-2006. <i>Perspectives on Psychological Science, 5(1)</i>, 58-75. doi: 10.1177/1745691609356789
	February 20	Cancelled	Reading Week
7	February 28	Motivational Perspective	 Ditto, P. H., & Lopez, D. F. (1992). Motivated skepticism: Use of differential decision criteria for preferred and nonpreferred conclusions. <i>Journal of Personality and Social Psychology</i>, 63, 568-584. Higgins, E.T. (1987). Self-discrepancy: A theory relating self and affect. <i>Psychological Review</i>, 94, 319-340. Norem, J. K. (2002). Defensive pessimism, optimism, and pessimism. In E. C. Chang (Ed.), <i>Optimism and Pessimism: Implications for Theory</i>, <i>Research</i>, <i>and Practice</i> (pp. 77-100). Washington, DC: American Psychological Association. Sherman, D. K., & Cohen, G. L. (2006). The psychology of self-defense: Self-affirmation theory. <i>Advances in Experimental Social Psychology</i>, 38, 183-242. Ryan, R. M., & Deci, E. L. (2000). Self-determination theory and the facilitation of intrinsic motivation, social development, and well-being. <i>American Psychologist</i>, 55(1), 68-78. Silvia, P. J., & Duval, T. S. (2001). Objective self-awareness theory: Recent progress and enduring problems. <i>Personality and Social Psychology Review</i>, 5, 230-241.

8	March 7	Self- Presentation	 Arkin, R. M., & Oleson, K. C. (1998). Self-handicapping. In J. M. Darley & J. Cooper (Eds.), Attribution and social interaction: The legacy of Edward E. Jones (pp. 313-347). Washington, DC: American Psychological Association. Heck, P. R., & Krueger, J. I. (2016). Social perception of self-enhancement bias and error. Social Psychology, 47(6), 327–339. https://doi.org/10.1027/1864-9335/a000287 Jones, E.E. & Pittman, T.S. (1982). Toward a general theory of strategic self-presentation. In J. Suls (Ed) Psychological Perspectives on the Self (Vol. 1, pp. 231-262). Hillsdale, NJ: Erlbaum. Kwan, V. S. Y., John, O. P., Kenny, D. A., Bond, M. H., & Robbins, R. W. (2004). Reconceptualizing individual differences in self-enhancement bias: An interpersonal approach. Psychological Review, 111, 94-110. Tesser, A. (1999). Toward a self-evaluation maintenance model of social behavior. In R. F. Baumeister (Ed.), The Self in Social Psychology (pp. 446-460). Philadelphia, PA: Psychology Press. Tice, D. M., Butler, J. L., Muraven, M. B., & Stillwell, A. M. (1995). When modesty prevails: Differential favorability of self-presentation to friends and strangers. Journal of Personality and Social Psychology, 69, 1120-1138.
9	March 14	Self and Others	 Aron, A., McLaughlin-Volpe, T., Mashek, D., Lewandowski, G., Wright, S. C., & Aron, E. N. (2004) Including others in the self. European Review of Social Psychology, 15(1), 101-132. DOI: 10.1080/10463280440000008 Carmichael, C. L., Tsai, FF., Smith, S. M., Caprariello, P. A., & Reis, H. T. (2007). The self in intimate relationships. In C. Sedikides & S. J. Spencer (Eds.), The Self (pp. 285-309). New York: Psychology Press. Malle, B. F. (2005). Self-other asymmetries in behavior explanations: Myth and reality. In M. D. Alicke, D. A. Dunning, & J. I. Krueger (Eds.), The Self in Social Judgment (pp. 155-178). New York: Psychology Press. Otten, S. (2005). The ingroup as part of the self: Reconsidering the link between social categorization, ingroup favoritism, and the self-concept. In M. D. Alicke, D. A. Dunning, & J. I. Krueger (Eds.), The Self in Social Judgment (pp. 241-265). New York: Psychology Press. Sassenrath, C., Hodges, S. D., & Pfattheicher, S. (2016). It's all about the self: When perspective taking backfires. Current Directions in Psychological Science, 25(6), 405-410. Vazire, S. (2010). Who knows what about a person? The Self-Other Knowledge Asymmetry (SOKA) Model. Journal of Personality and Social Psychology, 98(2), 281-300.
10	March 21	Self-Control	 Baumeister, R. F., Vohs, K. D., & Tice, D. M. (2007). The strength model of self-control. Current Directions in Psychological Science, 16, 351-355. Hagger, M. S., Chatzisarantis, N. L., Alberts, H., Anggono, C. O., Birt, A., Brand, R., & Campbell, W. K. (2015). A multi-lab pre-registered replication of the ego-depletion effect. Perspectives on Psychological Science, 11(4) 546–573. *Baumeister, R. F., & Vohs, K. D. (2016). Misguided effort with elusive implications. Perspectives on Psychological Science, 11(4) 574–575. Inzlicht, M., & Schmeichel, B. J. (2012). What Is ego-depletion? Toward a mechanistic revision of the resource model of self-control. Perspectives on Psychological Science, 7, 450-463. doi: 10.1177/1745691612454134 Kurzban, R., Duckworth, A., Kable, J. W., & Myers, J. (2013). An opportunity cost model of subjective effort and task performance. Behavioral and Brain Sciences, 36(6), 661-679. doi: 10.1017/S0140525X12003196 Miles, E., Sheeran, P., Baird, H., Macdonald, I., Webb, T. L., & Harris, P. R. (2016). Does self-control improve with practice? Evidence from a six-week training program. Journal of Experimental Psychology: General, 145(8), 1075-1091. Molden, D. C., Hui, C. M., Scholer, A. A., & Scholer, A. (in press). Understanding self-regulation failure: A motivated effort-allocation account. In E. R. Hirt, J. J. Clarkson, & L. Jia (Eds.), Self-Regulation and Ego Control. Philadelphia, PA: Elsevier.

11	March 28	Clinical Perspective	 Baumeister, R. F. (1990). Suicide as escape from self. Psychological Review, 97(1), 90-113. doi: 10.1037/0033-295X.97.1.90 Deaux, K. (1992). Focusing on the self: Challenges to self-definition and their consequences for mental health. In D. N. Ruble, P. R. Costanzo, & M. E. Oliveri (Eds.), The Social Psychology of Mental Health: Basic Mechanisms and Applications (pp. 301-327). New York: The Guilford Press. Kelly, A. E. (2000). Helping construct desirable identities: A self-presentational view of psychotherapy. Psychological Bulletin, 126, 475-494 Linville, P. W. (1987). Self-complexity as a cognitive buffer against stress-related illness and depression. Journal of Personality and Social Psychology, 52, 663-676. Rehm, L. P. (1985). A self-control model of depression. In J. C. Coyne (Ed.), Essential papers on depression (pp. 220-239). New York: New York University Press. Weary, G., Marsh, K. L., Gleicher, F., & Edwards, J. A. (1993). Social-cognitive consequences of depression. In G. Weary, F. Gleicher, & K.L. Marsh (Eds.), Control Motivation and Social Cognition (pp. 255-287). New York: Springer-Verlag.
12	April 4	Health Perspective	 Personal Logs Due Colvin, C. R., & Block, J. (1994). Do positive illusions foster mental health? An examination of the Taylor and Brown formulation. <i>Psychological Bulletin, 116</i>, 3-20. Leary, M. R., Tchividijian, L. R., & Kraxberger, B. E. (1994). Self-presentation can be hazardous to your health: Impression management and health risk. <i>Health Psychology, 13</i>, 461-470. Taylor, S. E., & Brown, J. D. (1988). Illusion and well-being: A social psychological perspective on mental health. <i>Psychological Bulletin, 103</i>, 193-210. *Colvin, C. R., & Block, J. (1994). Do positive illusions foster mental health? An examination of the Taylor and Brown formulation. <i>Psychological Bulletin, 116</i>, 3-20. *Taylor, S. E., & Brown, J. D. (1994). Positive illusions and well-being revisited: Separating fact from fiction. <i>Psychological Bulletin, 116</i>, 21-27. Taylor, S. E., Kemeny, M. E., Reed, G. M., Bower, J. E., & Gruenewald, T. L. (2000). Psychological resources, positive illusions, and health. American Psychologist, 55, 99-109.
Exam	April 12	Paper	Assessments due on Turnitin by 11:59 pm